1 2 3 4 5		ATENT 88.1039
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	In Re Application of: Clifton Lind et al. Serial No.: 10/624,279 Filed: July 22, 2003 FOR: MULTIPLE VIDEO DISPLAY GAMING MACHINE AND GAMING Confirmation No.: 7465	yen
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	SYSTEM Mail Stop Appeal Brief - Patents Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450	
25	This is an appeal from the Final Office Action mailed June 28, 2006 (the "Final O	ffice
26	Action"), rejecting claims 1, 2, 4-6, 9-14, 16-21, 23, 26, and 27 in the above-identified pa	tent
27	application. Appellants submit this Appeal Brief to the Board of Patent Appeals and	
28	Interferences within the two-month period following the Notice of Appeal filed September	er 28,
29	2006.	
30	The fee of \$250.00 due under 37 C.F.R. §41.20(b)(2) is being submitted with this	Appeal
31	Brief.	

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I. REAL PARTY IN INTEREST (37 C.F.R. \$41.37(c)(1)(i))

The above-described patent application is assigned to Multimedia Games, Inc., the real party in interest.

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II. RELATED APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES (37 C.F.R. §41.37(c)(1)(ii))

There is no related Appeal or Interference before the United States Patent and Trademark Office.

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III. STATUS OF CLAIMS (37 C.F.R. §41.37(c)(1)(iii))

The status of the claims is as follows:

Claims Allowed: None

12 Claims Objected To: None

13 Claims Canceled: 3, 7, 8, 15, 22, and 24-25

14 Claims Rejected: 1, 2, 4-6, 9-14, 16-21, 23, 26, and 27

15 Claims Appealed: 1, 2, 4-6, 9-14, 16-21, 23, 26, and 27

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IV. STATUS OF AMENDMENTS (37 C.F.R. §41.37(c)(1)(iv))

The claim amendment filed September 28, 2006, in response to the Final Office Action mailed June 28, 2006, has been entered as indicated by the Advisory Action mailed October 11, 2006. The claims reproduced in the accompanying Appendix reflect the state of the claims as they currently stand in this case after entry of the claim amendment filed September 28, 2006.

V. SUMMARY OF CLAIMED SUBJECT MATTER (37 C.F.R. §41.37(c)(1)(v))

The appealed claims include five independent claims, claims 1, 6, 14, 16, and 21.

Claim 1

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Claim 1 is directed to a gaming machine (10) including a cabinet (11), a game video display (14) located at a front side (12) of the cabinet, and three additional video displays, a first additional video display (17), a player control touch screen display (15), and a second additional video display (18). (Disclosure, p. 5, lns. 13-16, Fig. 1). The first additional video display (17) is located at the front side (12) of the cabinet (11) above the game video display (14) and extends substantially the entire width of a front side of the gaming machine (10). (Disclosure, p. 6, lns. 9-11, Fig. 1). The player control touch screen display (15) is located below the game video display (14) at the front side (12) of the cabinet (11) and also extends substantially the entire width of the front side of the gaming machine (10). (Disclosure, p. 5, ln. 20 - p. 6, ln. 2, Fig. 1). The player control touch screen display (15) forms a portion of a forwardly projecting ledge (16) located below the game video display (14) and extending transversely to a plane of the game video display. (Disclosure, p. 9, lns. 10-12, Fig. 1). The second additional video display (18) is located at the front side (12) of the cabinet (11) below the player control touch screen display (15). The second additional video display (18) extends substantially the entire width of the front side (12) of the gaming machine (10) in an area below the player control touch screen display (15). (Disclosure, p. 6, lns. 13-16, Fig. 1).

Claim 6

Independent claim 6 is directed to a gaming system (40) including a number of gaming machines (10) and a game modification controller (50) in communication with each respective

gaming machine. (Disclosure, p. 14, ln. 4-8, Fig. 3). Each gaming machine (10) includes a respective game presentation arrangement having a game video display (14), a first additional video display (17) located above the game video display, a player control touch screen display (15) located below the game video display and forming a ledge (16) projecting from a plane of the game video display, a second additional video display (18) located below the player control touch screen display. Each of the game video display (14), first additional video display (17), second additional video display (18), and player control touch screen display (15) extend substantially the entire width of a front side (12) of the respective gaming machine (10). Each gaming machine (10) also includes a processing arrangement which is described as a means plus function in claim 6 in accordance with 35 U.S.C. §112, sixth paragraph. The processing arrangement corresponds to the CPU 25 and graphics processors 35 and 36 shown in Figure 2 and functions to control the game video display (14), first additional video display (17), second additional video display (18), and player control touch screen display (15). (Disclosure, p. 11, lns. 5-7 and 10-12).

The game modification controller (50) is also described as a means plus function element in accordance with 35 U.S.C. §112, sixth paragraph. In particular, the game modification controller (50) functions to selectively communicate presentation switching instructions to each respective gaming machine (10), the presentation switching instructions being executable at the respective gaming machine to cause the respective gaming machine to switch the content of the game video display (14), the first additional video display (17), the second additional video display (18), and the player control touch screen display (15) in the operation of the respective gaming machine from content for a first game presentation to content for a second game

presentation. (Disclosure, p. 15, lns. 9-13). The game modification controller (50) is implemented by a separate processing device (47) shown in Figure 3, which may be a single computer. (Disclosure, p. 16, ln. 18 - p. 17, ln. 2, Fig. 3).

Claim 14

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Independent claim 14 is directed to a method of making a game presentation at a gaming machine, the method includes displaying a number of game presentation components at a gaming machine (10) to produce an overall game presentation which is referred to in the claim as a first game presentation. (Disclosure, p.10, lns. 18-21). In particular, claim 14 requires displaying a first game presentation component on a first video display (17) located at a front side (12) of the gaming machine (10), the first game presentation component comprising a first portion of a first game presentation. Simultaneously with displaying the first game presentation component, the method of claim 14 includes displaying a second game presentation component on a second video display (14) located at the front side (12) of the gaming machine (10) below the first video display (17), the second game presentation component comprising a second portion of the first game presentation. Simultaneously with displaying the first game presentation component, claim 14 also requires displaying a third game presentation component on a third video display (15) located at the front side (12) of the gaming machine (10) below the second video display (14) and forming a portion of a ledge (16) extending from a plane of the second video display, the third game presentation component comprising a third portion of the first game presentation. Also simultaneously with displaying the first game presentation component, claim 14 requires displaying a fourth game presentation component on a fourth video display (18) located at the front side (12) of the gaming machine (10) below the third video display (15). The first, second,

- third, and fourth game presentation components combine to produce the first game presentation.
- 2 (Disclosure, p. 10, lns. 13 and 18-21).
- 3 Claim 16

Independent claim 16 is directed to a method of controlling a gaming machine (10), and includes displaying a first game presentation through a series of four video displays (14, 15, 17, 18) located at a front side (12) of the gaming machine in columnar fashion, with each respective video display showing a respective portion of the first game presentation and extending across substantially the entire width of the front side of the gaming machine. (Disclosure, p. 5, Ins. 13-16 and p. 6, Ins. 9-11). Claim 16 further includes producing a presentation switching instruction at least partially based on the utilization of additional gaming machines (10) included in a gaming system (40) in which the gaming machine is included, the additional gaming machines each providing a second game presentation. In response to the presentation switching instruction, claim 16 requires displaying the second game presentation through the video displays (14, 15, 17, 18) located at the front side (12) of the gaming machine (10), each respective video display showing a respective portion of the second game presentation. (Disclosure, p. 5, Ins. 17-19 and p. 16. Ins. 11-13).

Claim 21

Independent claim 21 is directed to a gaming machine (10) that includes a cabinet (11) with a game video display (14) located at a front side (12) of the cabinet. A player control video display (15) forms at least a portion of a forwardly projecting ledge (16) located immediately below the game video display (14) at the front side (12) of the cabinet (11). (Disclosure, p. 5, lns. 13-16, Fig. 1). The forwardly projecting ledge (16) extends transversely to a plane of the

1 game video display (14). (Disclosure, p. 6, Ins. 9-11, Fig. 1). Claim 21 also requires that the 2 gaming machine (10) includes a first additional video display (17) located at the front side (12) of 3 the cabinet (11) above the game video display (14). The first additional video display (17) 4 extends substantially the entire width of a front side (12) of the gaming machine (10). 5 (Disclosure, Fig. 1). 6 7 VI. GROUNDS OF REJECTION TO BE REVIEWED ON APPEAL ጸ (37 C.F.R. §41.37(c)(1)(vi)) 9 1. Claims 5 and 27 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. §112, second paragraph as being vague and indefinite. 10 11 Claims 1, 2, 4-6, 9-14, 16-21, 23, 26, and 27 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as 2. 12 being unpatentable over U.S. Patent Application No. 2003/0064771 to Morrow et al. (the 13 "Morrow reference" or "Morrow") in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,620,047 to Alcorn et al. (the 14 "Alcorn patent" or "Alcorn"). 15 16 VII. ARGUMENT (37 C.F.R. \$41.37(c)(1)(vii)) 17 CLAIMS 5 AND 27 ARE NOT INDEFINITE UNDER 35 U.S.C. §112, ¶2 18 Both claims 5 and 27 require an apparatus that includes "at least one player interface 19 device located on the front side of the gaming machine in an area removed from the forwardly 20 projecting ledge," (Emphasis Added). The Final Office Action rejects claims 5 and 27 under 35

U.S.C. §112, second paragraph, in view of the use of the term "removed" in describing the

location of the "at least one player interface device." In particular, the Final Office Action

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indicates that the language "an area removed from the forwardly projection [sic] ledge" is vague and indefinite "since it is unclear exactly which area being removed from the projection [sic] ledge."

The adjective "removed" is used in its normal sense in claims 5 and 27 to mean that the area in which the at least one player interface device is located is separate or remote from the forwardly projecting ledge 16 shown in Appellants' Figure 1. This positioning of player interface devices "removed from" the forwardly projecting ledge 16 is clearly shown in Appellants' Figure 1 by player interface devices 20. The Appellants submit that the language of claims 5 and 27 simply means that the at least one player interface device is positioned in some area on the front of the gaming machine other than the forwardly projecting ledge 16. The Appellants further believe that the language of claims 5 and 27 admits of no other meaning.

Because the location description for the player interface device set out in claims 5 and 27 is susceptible to only a single meaning, and this meaning is clear and unambiguous, the Appellants submit that there is nothing in any way vague or indefinite about claims 5 and 27. The Appellants therefore believe that the Section 112 rejections as to claims 5 and 27 are in error and should be reversed.

THE CLAIMS ARE NOT OBVIOUS OVER MORROW AND ALCORN

The Appellants respectfully submit that the Final Office Action fails to state even a *prima* facie case of obviousness with respect to each of the independent claims in the case, claims 1, 6, 14, 16, and 21.

Independent Claims 1, 6, and 21

Element (d) of claim 1, element (a) of claim 6, and element (c) of claim 21 each requires a player control touch screen display located below a game video display at the front side of a gaming machine cabinet. These claim elements each further require that the player control touch screen display extends substantially the entire width of the front side of the gaming machine and forms a portion of a forwardly projecting ledge located below the game video display. However, Alcorn and Morrow simply do not teach or suggest this ledge-mounted video display or player control touch screen feature. Furthermore, there is no teaching or suggestion in the prior art to modify either of these references to include this feature. Thus, the Final Office Action fails to make out a prima facie case of obviousness as to claims 1, 6, and 21 and their respective dependent claims.

As indicated above, the Final Office Action relies on the combination of Morrow and Alcorn to reject all of the independent claims in the case, including claims 1, 6, and 21. The Final Office Action at the bottom of page 3 acknowledges that the Morrow reference does not disclose a player control touch screen display forming a forwardly projecting ledge below a game video display in a gaming machine, but relies on Alcorn for providing the suggestion to add such a player control touch screen display to the gaming machine disclosed in Morrow. Specifically, the Final Office Action cites Column 4, lines 16-17 and Figure 3 of Alcorn as teaching that the control buttons 40 located below the video display shown in Alcorn could be touch screen buttons. (Final Office Action at p. 4, lines 6-9). The Appellants respectfully submit that the Alcorn patent does not teach or suggest employing a player control touch screen forming a

portion of a forwardly projecting ledge as required by claims 1, 6, and 21 and their respective dependent claims.

 Figures 1 and 2 of Alcorn clearly show mechanical buttons 40 on a forwardly projecting ledge/shelf 38 below display 16. Figure 3 of Alcorn shows a user interface 42 that includes the mechanical buttons 40, a handle, and a touch screen. This touch screen is shown in Alcorn's Figure 3 clearly as being simply a lower part of the CRT display 16. At lines 60-63 of column 3, Alcorn teaches that the lower region 19 of display 16 includes touch screen buttons. At lines 9-18 of column 4, Alcorn states:

An integrated touch screen overlaying the display screen, along with the series of "hard" buttons 40 arrayed along the bottom edge of the display, provide the main player interface to the system.

In FIG. 3 of the drawing [sic], a generalized block diagram depicts the principal functional components of the system and includes a central processing unit (CPU) 45, the CRT 16, a user interface 42 that includes the touch screen buttons 40 [sic] and pull handle 39...

It is apparent when comparing the drawings in Alcorn to the textual description that the buttons 40 are mechanical buttons "arrayed" along the bottom of display 16 and are not touch screen buttons. The only touch screen buttons disclosed in Alcorn are buttons in the lower area 19 of display 16 (see Alcorn Figures 1-3, and col. 3, lines 61-63). The reference in Alcorn at column 4, line 17 to "touch screen buttons 40" is obviously a typographical error omitting a comma after "touch screen." Despite this apparent typographical error in Alcorn, the Applicants submit that one of ordinary skill in the art would recognize that Alcorn teaches only mechanical buttons 40 on the forwardly projecting ledge below display 16, and does not suggest a player control touch screen on the ledge.

Because the cited references do not teach or suggest a ledge-mounted player control touch screen display as required in Appellants' claims 1, 6, and 21, the Appellants' respectfully submit that the Final Office Action rejection of claims 1, 6, and 21 is in error and should be reversed.

The Appellants note the statement in the Final Office Action as follows.

"since Alcorn et al. suggest the a [sic] slant-top player control interface can be used, it is obvious to utilize the slant-top video screen together with the mechanical player control devices mounted ledge (38) [sic]." (Final Office Action at p. 4, lns. 9-12)

The identical statement is included in the comments submitted with the Advisory Action mailed October 11, 2006, in this case. (October 11, 2006 Advisory Action Continuation Sheet, Ins. 6-8).

Appellants agree that the Alcorn patent discloses a display device 16 having a lower portion 19 in which a touch screen element may be located. Appellants also agree that the Alcorn patent discloses a gaming machine having the display device 16 and its touch screen lower portion 19 in a generally upright position and also having a ledge/shelf 38 projecting forwardly from the plane of the display device 16 with mechanical buttons 40 located on the ledge/shelf 38. However, the use of the ledge/shelf 38 and mechanical buttons 40 in Alcorn together with the separate, upright display device 16 and touch screen lower portion 19 does not teach or suggest employing a player control touch screen on any forwardly projecting ledge or shelf as required in Appellants claims 1, 6, and 21.

The Appellants further note the reference in the above-quoted statement from the Final Office Action and Advisory Action as to what "is obvious" from the prior art. Appellants respectfully submit that what "is obvious" is not relevant under Section 103. The question under

35 U.S.C. §103 is what would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art acting at the time of the invention in question, and not what is obvious now.

Finally, Appellants note the comments in the Final Office Action at lines 8-15 on page 8 indicating that it would have been obvious to utilize a touch screen in place of the mechanical control buttons on the projection ledge of a gaming machine to "enhance user interfaces." In particular, the Appellants note that there is no teaching in either cited reference that replacing mechanical buttons on a projection ledge with a player control touch screen display enhances user interfaces. Thus there is no support in the prior art for this proposed rationale for modifying the references. Furthermore, claims 1, 6, and 21 do not merely require a player control touch screen display, but further require that the display extends substantially the entire width of the gaming machine front side. Nothing in either cited reference suggests this structure.

For all of these reasons the Appellants believe that the Final Office Action rejections of claims 1, 6, and 21 are in error and should be reversed.

Claim 14

The method set out in claim 14 requires simultaneously displaying first, second, third, and fourth game presentation components on first, second, third, and fourth video display devices, respectively. Element (c) of claim 14 requires that the third video display is located below the second video display and forms a portion of a ledge extending from a plane of the second video display.

The Morrow reference discloses three video screens in areas 30, 50, and 60 (Morrow, Fig. 1). As discussed above in connection with claims 1, 6, and 21, and as acknowledged in the Final Office Action at the bottom of page 4, Morrow does not disclose any video display device

forming a portion of a ledge projecting from a plane of an additional video display. Thus, the Morrow reference does not teach or suggest the displaying limitation set out at element (c) in claim 14. Also as discussed above in connection with claims 1, 6, and 21, the Alcom patent does not teach or suggest any video display located on ledge/shelf 38 extending from the plane of video display 16 in Alcorn. Thus, the Alcom patent cannot teach or suggest the displaying limitation set out at element (c) of claim 14 and cannot in any way make up for the deficiency of the Morrow reference with respect to element (c) of claim 14.

Because the cited prior art does not teach or suggest all of the limitations set out in claim 14, the Final Office Action fails to present a *prima facie* case of obviousness as to claim 14. The Appellants therefore respectfully submit that the Final Office Action rejection of claim 14 is in error and should be reversed.

Claim 16

Independent claim 16 is directed to a method of making a game presentation at a gaming machine and requires displaying a first game presentation through a series of four video displays located at a front side of the gaming machine in columnar fashion, each respective video display showing a respective portion of the first game presentation and extending across substantially the entire width of the front side of the gaming machine.

Both Alcorn and Morrow disclose that the central video display does not extend substantially the entire width of the gaming machine. That is, both references show an area to the right of the center video display. Thus, even if there was some teaching or suggestion in the prior art to combine Alcorn and Morrow, the resulting combination would not teach or suggest all the claim limitations in claim 16. That is, combining Alcorn and Morrow would result in a

gaming machine having a center video display that does not extend substantially the entire width of the gaming machine. Thus, the resulting gaming machine would not produce a game presentation as required at element (a) of claim 16, a game presentation produced by four video display devices arranged in columnar fashion with each display extending substantially the entire width of the gaming machine.

Element (b) of claim 16 requires producing a presentation switching instruction at least partially based on the utilization of additional gaming machines included in a gaming system in which the gaming machine is included, where the additional gaming machines each provide a second game presentation. Element (c) of claim 16 requires responding to the presentation switching instruction by displaying the second game presentation through the video displays located at the front side of the gaming machine so that each respective video display shows a respective portion of the second game presentation. The Morrow reference and the Alcom patent do not teach or suggest either of these steps.

Paragraphs 13 and 27 of Morrow disclose a number of situations in which a casino may wish to modify the game available at a gaming machine. However, Morrow does not teach or suggest producing a presentation switching instruction at least partially based on the utilization of a number of other gaming machines providing a second game presentation as required at element (b) of claim 16, and also does not teach or suggest displaying the second game presentation at the gaming machine in response to the switching instruction as required at element (c) of claim 16.

The Alcom patent does not make up for these deficiencies with respect to the Morrow reference. Alcom describes a gaming machine player interface through which a player may select a game. (Alcom at col. 5, Ins. 20-26). However, the Alcom patent does not disclose or

suggest producing a presentation switching instruction on the basis described in element (b) of claim 16, and does not disclose or suggest displaying the second game presentation in response as required at element (c) of claim 16.

Because the proposed combination of Alcorn and Morrow does not teach or suggest each element required in claim 16, the proposed combination cannot render the claim obvious. The Appellants therefore respectfully submit that the Final Office Action rejection of claim 16 is in error and should be reversed.

The Appellants note the statement at page 5 of the Final Office Action indicating that the arrangement of video displays in a gaming machine is a matter of design choice because orienting the displays differently within a gaming machine does not effect or bring unexpected results to the outcome of the game. (Final Office Action, p. 5, lns. 6-8). The Appellants respectfully submit that simply characterizing a given feature as a matter of "design choice" does not in any way substitute for a prima facie showing of obviousness. In this case, the Final Office Action fails to state any teaching or suggestion in the prior art to display a first game presentation through a series of four video displays arranged on the front side of a gaming machine in columnar fashion and extending across substantially the entire width of the front side of the gaming machine. The Final Office Action further fails to point to any teaching or suggestion in the cited references to perform the switching instruction production and game presentation switching steps required in elements (b) and (c) of claim 16.

1 VIII. CONCLUSION For all of these reasons, the Appellants submit that claims 1, 2, 4-6, 9-14, 16-21, 23, 26, 2 and 27 are entitled to allowance and respectfully request that the Board reverse the Final Office 3 Action rejection of these claims. 4 5 Respectfully submitted, The Culbertson Group, P.C. 6 7 Date: 28 MOJ 2006 8 9 Russell D. Culbertson, Reg. No. 32,124 1114 Lost Creek Boulevard, Suite 420 10 11 Austin, Texas 78746 12 512-327-8932 13 ATTORNEY FOR APPELLANTS 14 15 1039 AppealBrief.wpd

		IX. APPENDIX A
	C	LAIMS INVOLVED IN THE APPEAL (37 C.F.R. §41.37(c)(1)(viii))
1.	A gan	ning machine including:
	(a)	a cabinet;
	(b)	a game video display located at a front side of the cabinet;
	(c)	a first additional video display located at the front side of the cabinet above the
		game video display, the first additional video display extending substantially the
		entire width of a front side of the gaming machine;
	(d)	a player control touch screen display located below the game video display at the
		front side of the cabinet and extending substantially the entire width of the front
		side of the gaming machine, the player control touch screen display forming a
		portion of a forwardly projecting ledge located below the game video display and
		extending transversely to a plane of the game video display; and
	(e)	a second additional video display located at the front side of the cabinet below the
		player control touch screen display, the second additional video display extending
		substantially the entire width of the front side of the gaming machine in an area
		below the player control touch screen display.
2.	The g	aming machine of Claim 1 wherein the player control touch screen display, the
		1. A gar (a) (b) (c) (d)

game video display, the first additional video display, and the second additional video

1		display together produce the entire graphic content for a game presentation provided by
2		the gaming machine.
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4	3.	Canceled
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6	4.	The gaming machine of Claim 1 further including a mechanical player input device or
7		player interface device located on the forwardly projecting ledge.
8		
9	5.	The gaming machine of Claim 1 further including at least one player interface device
10		located on the front side of the gaming machine in an area removed from the forwardly
11		projecting ledge.
12		
13	6.	A gaming system including:
14		(a) a number of gaming machines, each gaming machine including a respective game
15		presentation arrangement having a game video display, a first additional video
16		display located above the game video display, a player control touch screen
17		display located below the game video display and forming a ledge projecting from
18		a plane of the game video display, a second additional video display located below
19		the player control touch screen display, and a processing arrangement for
20		controlling the game video display, first additional video display, second

additional video display, and player control touch screen display, and wherein

each of the game video display, first additional video display, second additional

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1 video display, and player control touch screen display extend substantially the 2 entire width of a front side of the respective gaming machine; and 3 a game modification controller in communication with each respective gaming (b) 4 machine, the game modification controller for selectively communicating 5 presentation switching instructions to each respective gaming machine, the 6 presentation switching instructions being executable at the respective gaming 7 machine to cause the respective gaming machine to switch the content of the game 8 video display, the first additional video display, the second additional video 9 display, and the player control touch screen display in the operation of the 10 respective gaming machine from content for a first game presentation to content 11 for a second game presentation. 12 13 7-8 Canceled 14 15 9. The gaming system of Claim 6 further including a game presentation server with a 16 presentation storage arrangement for storing multiple sets of presentation instructions, 17 each set of presentation instructions being executable at a respective one of the gaming 18 machines to define the video content of each respective video display on the respective 19 gaming machine during the operation of the respective gaming machine. 20 21 10. The gaming system of Claim 9 wherein the game modification controller is also for

directing the transfer of a new set of presentation instructions from the game presentation

1		server to a respective one of the gaming machines in connection with the presentation
2		switching instructions communicated to the respective gaming machine.
3		
4	11.	The gaming system of Claim 6 further including a gaming machine usage monitoring
5		arrangement for monitoring the usage of at least a portion of the gaming machines and
6		providing control inputs to the game modification controller based on the monitored
7		usage.
8		
9	12.	The gaming system of Claim 6 wherein the game modification controller communicates
10		presentation switching instructions to a respective gaming machine in response to a player
11		input at the gaming machine.
12		
13	13.	The gaming system of Claim 6 wherein at least one of the gaming machines includes a
14		storage device storing a number of sets of presentation instructions, each set of
15		presentation instructions being executable at the respective gaming machine to define the
16		video content of the respective video displays on the respective gaming machine during
17		the operation of the respective gaming machine.
18		
19	14.	A method of making a game presentation at a gaming machine, the method including:
20		(a) displaying a first game presentation component on a first video display located at
21		a front side of the gaming machine, the first game presentation component
22		comprising a first portion of a first game presentation;

1		(b)	simultaneously with displaying the first game presentation component, displaying
2		(-)	a second game presentation component on a second video display located at the
2			
3			front side of the gaming machine below the first video display, the second game
4			presentation component comprising a second portion of the first game
5			presentation;
6		(c)	simultaneously with displaying the first game presentation component, displaying
7			a third game presentation component on a third video display located at the front
8			side of the gaming machine below the second video display and forming a portion
9			of a ledge extending from a plane of the second video display, the third game
10			presentation component comprising a third portion of the first game presentation;
11			and
12		(d)	simultaneously with displaying the first game presentation component, displaying
13			a fourth game presentation component on a fourth video display located at the
14			front side of the gaming machine below the third video display, the first, second,
15			third, and fourth game presentation components combining to produce the first
16			game presentation.
17			
18	15.	Cance	eled
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20	16.	A met	hod of controlling a gaming machine, the method including:
21		(a)	displaying a first game presentation through a series of four video displays located
22			at a front side of the gaming machine in columnar fashion, each respective video

1 display showing a respective portion of the first game presentation and extending 2 across substantially the entire width of the front side of the gaming machine: 3 (b) producing a presentation switching instruction at least partially based on the 4 utilization of additional gaming machines included in a gaming system in which 5 the gaming machine is included, the additional gaming machines each providing a 6 second game presentation; and 7 (c) in response to the presentation switching instruction, displaying the second game 8 presentation through the video displays located at the front side of the gaming 9 machine, each respective video display showing a respective portion of the second 10 game presentation. 11 12 17. The method of Claim 16 further including the step of monitoring usage of the gaming 13 machine and the additional gaming machines in the gaming system to produce usage information and wherein the presentation switching instruction is issued in response to 14 15 the usage information. 16 18. 17 The method of Claim 16 further including the step of simultaneously storing a first game 18 presentation instruction set and a second game presentation instruction set at the gaming 19 machine, the first game presentation instruction set being executable to display the first 20 game presentation and the second game presentation instruction set being executable to 21 display the second game presentation.

1	19.	The method of Claim 16 further including the steps of:		
2		(a)	storing a second game presentation instruction set at a game presentation server	
3			remote from the gaming machine; and	
4		(b)	communicating the second game presentation instruction set to the gaming	
5			machine to facilitate the display of the second game presentation at the gaming	
6			machine.	
7				
8	20.	The n	nethod of Claim 16 wherein the step of producing the presentation switching	
9		instru	ction is performed based partially on inactivity at the gaming machine.	
10				
11	21.	A gan	ning machine including:	
12		(a)	a cabinet;	
13		(b)	a game video display located at a front side of the cabinet;	
14		(c)	a player control video display forming at least a portion of a forwardly projecting	
15			ledge located immediately below the game video display at the front side of the	
16			cabinet, the forwardly projecting ledge extending transversely to a plane of the	
17			game video display; and	
18		(d)	a first additional video display located at the front side of the cabinet above the	
19			game video display, the first additional video display extending substantially the	
20			entire width of a front side of the gaming machine.	
21				
22	22.	Cance	eled	

1	23.	The gaming machine of Claim 21 further including:
2		(a) a second additional video display located at the front side of the cabinet below the
3		player control video display; and
4		(b) one or more player interface devices located generally in the plane of the second
5		additional video display.
6	24-25	Canceled
7		
8	26.	The gaming machine of Claim 21 further including one or more mechanical player input
9		devices mounted on the forwardly projecting ledge.
10		
11	27.	The gaming machine of Claim 21 further including one or more mechanical player
12		interface devices mounted on the gaming machine in an area removed from the forwardly

13

projecting ledge.

1	A. APPENDIA B
2	EVIDENCE APPENDIX (37 C.F.R. §41.37(c)(1)(ix))
3	The Appellants have not relied upon any evidence in this appeal according to 37 C.F.R.
4	\$41.37(c)(1)(ix) in order to overcome the currently outstanding grounds of rejection in the case.

XI. APPENDIX C RELATED PROCEEDINGS APPENDIX (37 C.F.R. §41.37(c)(1)(x)) 2 3 There is no related Appeal or Interference before the United States Patent and Trademark

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